

Estimating abundance from mark-recovery data

Theory and example

Data

$M = 100$ = number of fish marked

$S = 500$ = number of fish sampled

$R = 5$ = number of marks recovered

Unknown

$N = ?$ = number in the population

$p = \frac{M}{N}$ = proportion marked

Theory

$R \sim \text{Binomial}(p, S)$

$$\frac{M}{N} \cong \frac{R}{S} \Rightarrow \hat{N} = \frac{M}{R} S = 10,000$$